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REG. 20. The use of the toilets provided for the men should be made obligatory, and instant discharge of any employees polluting the soil must be rigidly enforced to make such rules effective.

REG. 21. A small temporary incinerator should be constructed near the stables. Incinerators capable of doing effective work can be constructed for not over \$25 sufficient to care for all the refuse of a camp of 150 men and stables of 10 to 12 horses.

REG. 22. There must be in camps of 100 men or over one employee whose particular duty should be acting as scavenger and garbage collector.

REG. 23. All manure should be gathered and burned each day, and for the convenience of the collector should be thrown into a tightly covered box.

REG. 24. All fecal matter should be treated in the same way or else treated in some other approved manner. Collection and incineration is the safest in the long run and the easiest method by making use of the removable pan, which can be freshly limed.

REG. 25. The kitchen and eating house in particular should be effectively screened. It is also desirable to have this done for the bunk houses.

REG. 26. All garbage should be collected in tight cans and incinerated daily along with the manure and other rubbish.

REG. 27. Noninflammable refuse, such as tin cans, should be collected daily and placed in a deep earth pit and covered with a light covering of earth each day, or covered with oil and burned over.

REG. 28. All urinals should consist of open trenches lined with quicklime, and fresh quicklime should be added in the proportion of one-half barrel per day per 100 men.

REG. 29. All food supplies should be carefully screened.

REG. 30. Thorough and systematic scrubbing of kitchens and eating houses, and to a less extent bunk houses, should be regularly insisted upon.

REG. 31. The supply of water for the camp should be carefully decided upon, and wherever possible, if the camp is to remain several weeks, it is well to run it in pipes from an absolutely uncontaminated source.

REG. 32. All sick from whatever cause should be isolated from the remainder of the crew immediately.

REG. 33. All persons engaged in the care of the premises and handling of the food, particularly cooks and helpers, should be carefully examined and particular attention paid to the point as to whether or not they have suffered from typhoid fever within recent years.

#### **Communicable Diseases—Dissemination by Insects—State Board of Entomology Created. (Chap. 120, Act Mar. 18, 1913.)**

SECTION 1. There is hereby created the Montana State Board of Entomology, which shall be composed of the State entomologist, the secretary of the State board of health, and the State veterinarian.

SEC. 2. The secretary of the State board of health shall be chairman of said board and the State entomologist shall be secretary.

SEC. 3. None of the members of said board shall receive any compensation other than that already allowed by law except that the actual expenses of members while engaged in the duties incident to the work of said board shall be paid out of the appropriation made to carry on the work of said board.

SEC. 4. It shall be the duty of said board to investigate and study the dissemination by insects of diseases among persons and animals, said investigation having for its purpose the eradication and prevention of such diseases.

SEC. 5. Said board shall take steps to eradicate and prevent the spread of Rocky Mountain tick fever, infantile paralysis, and all other infectious or communicable diseases that may be transmitted or carried by insects.

SEC. 6. Said board shall have authority to make and prescribe rules and regulations, including the right of quarantine over persons and animals in any district of infection, and shall have the right to designate and prescribe the treatment for domestic animals to prevent the spread of such diseases; but said board shall not have the right to prescribe or regulate the treatment given to any person suffering from any infectious or communicable disease.

SEC. 7. All rules and regulations of the State board of entomology shall be subject to approval by the State board of health.

SEC. 8. The board shall publish, in printed form, all rules and regulations which shall be adopted by said board for the eradication and control of diseases of any kind, and such rules and regulations shall be circulated among the residents of every district affected thereby.

SEC. 9. Any person who shall violate any of the rules or regulations of the State board of entomology shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be fined in any sum not in excess of \$100 or by imprisonment in the county jail for any period not exceeding 30 days, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

SEC. 10. There is hereby appropriated out of any moneys in the State treasury not otherwise appropriated the sum of \$5,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to carry on the work of the State board of entomology for the year 1913, and the sum of \$5,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary, to carry on the work of said board for the year 1914. Said money to be expended under the direction and approval of the State board of examiners.

SEC. 11. All acts and parts of acts in conflict with this act are hereby repealed.

## TENNESSEE.

### Births and Deaths—Registration of. (Chap. 30, Act Apr. 2, 1913.)

SECTION 1. That the State board of health shall have charge of the registration of births and deaths; shall prepare the necessary instructions, forms, and blanks for obtaining and preserving such records, and shall insure the faithful registration of the same in each primary registration district as constituted in section 3 of this act, and in the central bureau of vital statistics at the capital of the State. The said board shall be charged with the uniform and thorough enforcement of the law throughout the State, and shall from time to time promulgate any additional forms and amendments that may be necessary for this purpose.

SEC. 2. That the central bureau of vital statistics shall be under the general charge and supervision of the secretary of the State board of health, and under immediate direction of an assistant who shall be known as the assistant secretary of the State board of health and registrar of vital statistics, and who shall be a graduated medical practitioner of not less than three years' practice in his profession, and a competent vital statistician and shall perform the duties herein prescribed, and in addition thereto those duties now performed by the assistant secretary of the State board of health, as now constituted. The assistant secretary and registrar of vital statistics shall be appointed by the State board of health. He shall hold office for a period of five years from the date of his appointment. Should a vacancy occur, the position shall be filled for the unexpired term, as in the manner previously prescribed.

Said assistant secretary and registrar of vital statistics shall receive as compensation for his services the sum of \$3,000 per annum, payable monthly from the date of his appointment on warrant of the comptroller, as other salaries are paid. The State board of health shall provide for such clerical and other assistants as may be necessary for the purposes of this act, who shall serve at the pleasure of the board, and said board shall fix the salary of persons thus employed within the amount appropriated therefor by the general assembly.